

LAST NAME:	FIRST NAME:	CIRCLE:	Coskunuzer	Ahsan
			8:30am	1pm
			Ahsan 2:30pm	Zweck 4pm

MATH 2415 [Fall 2024] Exam II

No books or notes! **NO CALCULATORS!** Show all work and give **complete explanations**. This 75 minute exam is worth 75 points. **Points will be recorded on the top of the second page.**

(1) [12 pts] Suppose that  $z = f(x, y) = \cos(2x + 3y)$  where  $x = x(t)$  and  $y = y(t)$ . If  $x(0) = -\pi/4$ ,  $y(0) = \pi/3$ ,  $x'(0) = 5$ , and  $y'(0) = 4$ , find  $\frac{dz}{dt}$  at  $t = 0$ .

1	/12	2	/13	3	/13	4	/12	5	/13	6	/12	T	/75
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(2) [13 pts] Let  $f(x, y) = x^2 + \cos y + 2ye^x$  and let  $\mathbf{x}_0 = (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$ .

(a) Find the gradient of  $f$  at  $\mathbf{x}_0$ .

(b) Find the directional derivative of  $f$  at  $\mathbf{x}_0$  in the direction of the vector  $\mathbf{v} = (4, 3)$ .

(c) Find the minimum (i.e. most negative) rate of change of  $f$  at  $\mathbf{x}_0$  and the direction in which it occurs.

(d) Which of the following vectors (if any) are tangent to the curve  $f(x, y) = \pi$  at the point  $\mathbf{x}_0$ :  $\mathbf{u} = (1, \pi)$ ,  $\mathbf{v} = (1, -\pi)$ , and  $\mathbf{w} = (2\pi, 2)$ . Explain!

(3) [13 pts] Find and classify all critical points of the function  $f(x, y) = y^3 - 12y + 3x^2y + 3x^2$ .

(4) [12 pts]

(a) Suppose  $f_{xx}(0,0) = -1$ ,  $f_{yy}(0,0) = 2$  and  $f_{xy}(0,0) = 3$ . Which would you expect to be larger (more positive) and why:

(i)  $f_y(0,0)$  or  $f_y(0,0.1)$ ?

(ii)  $f_x(0,0)$  or  $f_x(0,0.1)$ ?

(b) Is there a function  $z = f(x, y)$  so that  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x \cos y$  and  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = x^2 \sin y$ ? Explain!

(5) [13 pts] Consider the parametrized surface  $(x, y, z) = \mathbf{r}(u, v) = (\sqrt{2} \cos u, v, \sqrt{2} \sin u)$ .

(a) Find an equation of the form  $F(x, y, z) = 0$  for this surface.

(b) Find an equation of the tangent plane to the surface at the point  $\mathbf{r}(\frac{\pi}{4}, 1)$ . Write your answer in the form  $ax + by + cz + d = 0$ .

(6) [12 pts] Use the Method of Lagrange Multipliers to find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum of the function  $f(x, y) = 2x^2 + 3y^2$  subject to the constraint  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .