## Math 2415

## Paper Homework #3

- 1. **[12.5B: Planes]** Let A = (2, 0, 1), B = (3, 1, 0) and C = (4, 3, 2).
  - (a) Find the level set equation of the plane,  $\mathcal{P}$ , containing the points A, B, and C.
  - (b) Check that A, B, and C each satisfy the equation you derived in (a).
  - (c) Find a parametrization,  $(x, y, z) = \mathbf{r}(s, t)$ , of the plane,  $\mathcal{P}$ , containing A, B, and C.
  - (d) For each of the three points, A, B, and C, find values of the parameters (s, t) in the parameterization you found in (c).
  - (e) Let  $\mathcal{L}$  be the line passing through the point (-1, 0, 2) that is parallel to the vector (1, 2, 3). Find the point of intersection of this line with the plane,  $\mathcal{P}$ .
- 2. **[12.5B: Planes]** Find a non-zero vector that is parallel to both of the planes x + y + 2z = 5 and y 6z = 7.
- 3. [15.7A: Cylindrical Coordinates] Consider the following points, curves, surfaces, and solids
  - (i) The surface r = 2.
  - (ii) The curve where r = 2 and z = 3.
  - (iii) The curve where r=2 and  $\theta=\pi/4$ .
  - (iv) The point  $(r, \theta, z) = (2, \pi/4, 3)$ .
  - (v) The solid where  $r \le 2$ ,  $0 \le \theta \le \pi/4$  and  $0 \le z \le 3$ .

Now do the following problems:

- (a) Sketch (i)-(iv) altogether in one plot, with labels.
- (b) Sketch (v).
- (c) Convert the equation r=2 to an equation involving spherical coordinates,  $(\rho, \theta, \phi)$ .
- (d) Parametrize the line where r = 2 and  $\theta = \pi/4$ .
- (e) Find the rectangular and spherical coordinates of the point in (iv).

## 4. [15.8A: Spherical Coordinates]

- (a) Sketch the surface whose equation is given by  $\phi = 5\pi/6$
- (b) Convert the equation  $\phi = 5\pi/6$  to an equation involving cylindrical coordinates  $(r, \theta, z)$ .
- (c) Convert the equation  $x^2 + y^2 3z^2 = 1$  to an equation involving spherical coordinates,  $(\rho, \theta, \phi)$ . (The answer is not pretty, but that's OK.)
- (d) Sketch the solid described by the inequalities  $1 \le \rho \le 4$ ,  $\pi/4 \le \phi \le \pi/2$ .