

Math 2415
Paper Homework #11

1. 15.3, Double Integrals in Polar Coordinates:

- (a) Calculate $\iint_D xy \, dA$ where D is that portion of the annulus $9 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 16$ where $y > x$ and $x > 0$.
- (b) Find the volume of the solid that is in the first octant and which is bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ and the plane $z = 1 + x + y$.
- (c) Convert the iterated integral $\int_0^3 \int_0^{\sqrt{9-y^2}} \sin(x^2 + y^2) \, dx \, dy$ to polar coordinates and then evaluate.

2. 15.6, Triple Integrals in Rectangular Coordinates:

- (a) Sketch the region in the first octant that is bounded by the planes $x + z = 2$ and $2y + z = 2$. How many surfaces form the boundary of E ? Each pair of these surfaces intersects in a curve. Be sure to include these curves in your sketch. Find $\iiint_E z \, dV$.
- (b) Find the volume of the region in the first octant bounded by the coordinate planes, the plane $x + z = 2$, and the parabolic cylinder $y = 9 - x^2$.
- (c) Let E be the solid in the first octant bounded by the surfaces $z = 2y$ and $x = 1 - y^2$. (Recall that the first octant is where $x \geq 0$, $y \geq 0$, and $z \geq 0$.) Evaluate $\iiint_E x^2 \, dV$.